## SERVICE DATE - MAY 8, 2002

## SURFACE TRANSPORTATION BOARD

## NOTICE

STB Ex Parte No. 347 (Sub-No. 2)

## RATE GUIDELINES—NON-COAL PROCEEDINGS

Decided: May 2, 2002

In <u>Rate Guidelines—Non-Coal Proceedings</u>, 1 S.T.B. 1004 (1996), the Board established guidelines for handling rate complaints in cases where the constrained market pricing (CMP) guidelines cannot practicably be applied.<sup>1</sup> In that decision, the Board provided tables containing "Revenue Shortfall Allocation Method" (RSAM) and "Average Revenue-to-Variable Cost>180" (R/VC>180) percentages for each Class I railroad for the 4-year period 1991-1994. The RSAM measures the average markup above a carrier's variable cost that the carrier would need to charge all its "potentially" captive traffic (traffic priced above 180% of variable costs) to earn adequate revenues as determined under 49 U.S.C 10704(a)(2). The R/VC>180 represents the average markup above variable cost that a carrier imposes on its high-rated traffic (traffic priced above 180% of variable cost). The Board updates the RSAM and R/VC>180 tables annually.

The attached tables contain RSAM and R/VC>180 percentages for the period 1997-2000. Because the rail systems for CSX Transportation, Inc. (CSX) and Norfolk Southern Railroad (NS) changed significantly in 1998 with the acquisition by those two railroads of the Consolidated Rail Corporation (Conrail) and the division of Conrail's assets between them, the pre-acquisition operating statistics of CSX and NS are not comparable to their post-acquisition statistics. Consequently, we could not compute a meaningful 4-year average for those two railroads or Eastern or National 4-year averages. Thus, the tables reflect only the 2000 and 1999 results for CSX and NS and for the Eastern and National composites. Until additional years of data become available, interested parties may wish to rely on other relevant information in addition to the 2 years of data for CSX, NS and the composite average shown here.

By the Board, Leland L. Gardner, Director, Office of Economics, Environmental Analysis, and Administration.

Vernon A. Williams Secretary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CMP, adopted in <u>Coal Rate Guidelines—Nationwide</u>, 1 I.C.C.2d 520 (1985), is the preferred procedure for evaluating the reasonableness of challenged rates.

Table I
RSAM Markup Percentages
(Range With & Without Efficiency Adjustment)

Railroad/ Region	4 - Year Average	2000	1999	1998	1997
BNSF	210-282	222-296	185-248	188-258	243-324
GTW	167-236	129-186	118-188	203-278	219-290
IC	200-241	231-287	228-283	159-184	183-211
KCS	250-299	275-339	280-345	220-264	223-248
SOO	328-446	298-361	399-565	324-445	292-412
NS		208-272	191-227		
CSX		217-259	205-245		
UP	281-409	254-369	231-322	349-527	291-416
Eastern Region		213-265	201-240		
Western Region	250-350	243-341	217-298	270-388	271-374
National	_	228-308	213-277		

Table II Average Existing Revenue-to-Variable Cost Percentages For Traffic Above 180% R/VC

Railroad/ Region	4 - Year Average	2000	1999	1998	1997
BNSF	264	266	263	266	262
GTW	228	243	255	213	201
IC	260	241	264	272	263
KCS	234	242	248	243	204
soo	245	228	246	250	256
NS		200	206		
CSX		191	210		
UP	229	222	234	225	234
Eastern Region		199	213		
Western Region	245	242	247	244	248
National		225	237		